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# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

JOSE MARTIN REYES, et al.,

Plaintiffs,

v.

ALLSTATE NORTHBROOK INDEMNITY COMPANY,

Defendant.

Case No. 1:25-cv-00568-JLT-CDB

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE IN WRITING WHY ACTION SHOULD NOT BE DISMISSED FOR PLAINTIFFS' FAILURE TO PROSECUTE AND COMPLY WITH THE LOCAL RULES

(Doc. 7)

### **14-DAY DEADLINE**

## **Relevant Background**

Plaintiffs Jose Martin Reyes and Paulina Reyes ("Plaintiffs"), proceeding pro se, initiated this action with the filing of a complaint against Defendant Allstate Northbrook Indemnity Company ("Defendant") on January 30, 2025, in the Kern County Superior Court, Case No. BCV-25-100333. (Doc. 1). The action was removed to this Court on May 14, 2025. (See id.). On May 21, 2025, Defendant filed the pending motion to dismiss and served the motion upon Plaintiffs.<sup>1</sup> (Doc. 7). Plaintiffs have failed to file an opposition or statement of non-opposition. ///

<sup>1</sup> On May 22, 2025, the assigned district judge referred the pending motion to the undersigned for the preparation of findings and recommendations, vacated the motion hearing, and noting that the matter will be decided on the papers pursuant to Local Rule 230(g). (Doc. 8).

## **Order to Show Cause**

Local Rule 110, corresponding with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 11, provides that "[f]ailure of counsel or of a party to comply with these Rules or with any order of the Court may be grounds for imposition by the Court of any and all sanctions . . . within the inherent power of the Court." E.D. Cal. Local Rule 110. The Court has the inherent power to control its docket and may, in the exercise of that power, impose sanctions where appropriate, including dismissal of the action. *Bautista v. Los Angeles County*, 216 F.3d 837, 841 (9th Cir. 2000). A court may dismiss an action based on a party's failure to prosecute an action, obey a court order, or comply with local rules. *See, e.g., Ferdik v. Bonzelet*, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (dismissal for failure to comply with a court order to amend a complaint); *Malone v. U.S. Postal Service*, 833 F.2d 128, 130-31 (9th Cir. 1987) (dismissal for failure to comply with a court order); *Henderson v. Duncan*, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (dismissal for failure to prosecute and to comply with local rules).

Further, Local Rule 230 states in relevant part: "Opposition, if any, to the granting of the motion shall be in writing and shall be filed and served no later than fourteen (14) days after the motion was filed. A responding party who has no opposition to the granting of the motion *shall serve and file* a statement to that effect, specifically designating the motion in question." E.D. Cal. Local Rule 230(c) (emphasis added).

Here, Plaintiffs' opposition or statement of non-opposition was due on or before June 4, 2025. Plaintiffs have failed to file an opposition or statement of non-opposition to the pending motion, and the time to do so has now passed. Because Plaintiffs' conduct violates Local Rule 230, the undersigned will order them to show cause in writing why sanctions should not issue.

#### **Conclusion and Order**

#### Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

1. The Court **ORDERS** Plaintiffs to show cause in writing <u>within 14 days</u> of the date of service of this order, why sanctions should not be imposed for their failure to comply with the Local Rules. Alternatively, within that same time, Plaintiffs may file an opposition or statement of non-opposition to the pending motion to dismiss filed on

May 21, 2025.

2. Any failure by Plaintiffs to respond to this Order may result in the recommendation that this action be dismissed for a failure to obey the Local Rules and failure to prosecute.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: **June 16, 2025** 

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE